

2013

(1st Semester)

HISTORY

FIRST PAPER

(History of Mizoram : 1840-1960)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer any five questions

1. Narrate the origin of chieftainship in the early Mizo society. 10
2. Examine the hierarchy of the traditional Mizo society. 10
3. Give an overview of Mizo society through colonial accounts. 10
4. Write an essay on the Lushai Expedition of 1889-1890. 10

5. What were the administrative changes introduced by the British in Mizoram? 10
6. Discuss the socio-economic effects of the British rule in Mizoram. 10
7. Write an account of the arrival of Christianity in Mizoram. 10
8. Elaborate the role played by the Christian missionaries in the spread of education in Mizoram. 10
9. Write a note on the participation of the Mizos in the First World War. What was its impact on the Mizo society? 6+4
10. Narrate in brief the various circumstances leading to the formation of Mizo Union Party. 10

2013

(1st Semester)

HISTORY**FIRST PAPER****(History of Mizoram : 1840-1960)**

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***SECTION—A**

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. In the division of languages, Mizo language is categorised as

(a) the Tai language ()

(b) the Tibeto-Burman language ()

(c) the Karen dialect ()

2. The most dominant privileges enjoyed by the traditional Mizo Chief was the

(a) Sachhiah ()

(b) Chichhiah ()

(c) Fathang ()

(2)

3. Of the three bazaars established by the British, the last to be established was

(a) Tipaimukh bazaar ()

(b) Sonai bazaar ()

(c) Changsil bazaar ()

4. The Expedition of 1844 led by Capt. Blackwood into the Lushai Hills was primarily against

(a) Chief Lalsavunga ()

(b) Chief Lalchhuaka ()

(c) Chief Hausata ()

5. The amalgamation of North and South Lushai Hills under one administration was officially proclaimed on

(a) 1st April, 1896 ()

(b) 1st April, 1897 ()

(c) 1st April, 1898 ()

6. 'Land Settlement' was introduced in the Lushai Hills by

(a) C. S. Murray ()

(b) Capt. H. R. Brown ()

(c) Major J. Shakespeare ()

7. Dr. Peter Fraser arrived in Mizoram in the year — and by — opened a hospital.

(a) 1907 and 1909 ()

(b) 1908 and 1910 ()

(c) 1909 and 1911 ()

8. The Mizo Union was formed on

(a) April 9, 1946 ()

(b) April 9, 1947 ()

(c) April 9, 1948 ()

9. The abolition of chieftainship in the Lushai Hills was proclaimed on

(a) 1st April, 1953 ()

(b) 1st April, 1954 ()

(c) 1st April, 1955 ()

10. The first Christian Revival Movement in Mizoram began in the year

(a) 1906 ()

(b) 1905 ()

(c) 1904 ()

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Give short answers to any *five* of the following questions :

3×5=15

1. Write on Chhinlung.

2. Explain the term 'Chemsen Bawi'.

(6)

3. Name the six types of taxes (chhiah) paid to the chief in pre-colonial Mizo society.

(7)

4. What were the main items of imports and exports carried out by the Mizos in the frontier bazaars?

5. What were the main consequences of the Lushai Expedition of 1871-1872?

6. Who were the circle interpreters?

7. What were the outcomes of the Second Wave of Revival in Mizoram?

8. Who was R. A. Lorrain?

9. What do you know about Mizo National Famine Front?

10. Write briefly on the role played by the 'Lushai Scouts' during the Second World War.